

## Exponents

### Laws of exponents

$$a^x \times a^y = a^{x+y}$$

$$\frac{a^x}{a^y} = a^{x-y}$$

$$(a^x)^y$$

$$(ab)^x$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

$$a^0 = 1, a \text{ is all real numbers}$$

$$0^0 = 0$$

$$a^{-x} = \frac{1}{a^x}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^{-x}} = a^x$$

$$\sqrt{a} = a^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{a} = a^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a} = a^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$a^x \times a^y = a^{x+y}$$

$$\frac{a^x}{a^y} = a^{x-y}$$

1. Simplify  $3^2 \times 3^4$  using the exponent laws.

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

2. Simplify  $k^1 \times k^9$  using the exponent laws.

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

3. Simplify  $x^3 \times x^2$  using the exponent laws.

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

$$(a^x)^y$$

$$(ab)^x$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

$$a^0 = 1, a \text{ is all real numbers}$$

$$0^0 = 0$$

1. Write  $(5^2)^3$  without brackets.

---

---

---

---

---

---

2. Write  $(k^3)^5$  without brackets.

---

---

---

---

---

---

$$a^{-x} = \frac{1}{a^x}$$
$$\frac{1}{a^{-x}} = a^x$$

1. Write  $3^{-3}$  without negative exponents.

---

---

---

---

---

---

2. Write  $(5^3)^{-4}$  without negative exponents.

---

---

---

---

---

---

3. Write  $(27)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$  without negative exponents.

---

---

---

---

---

---