

Graph of exponential functions

$$y = e^x$$

Domain: $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$$e^0 = 1$$

$$e^+ > 0$$

$$e^- > 0$$

Range: $\{y \mid y > 0\}$

1. Find the domain and range for the function $y = 2^{x-1}$.

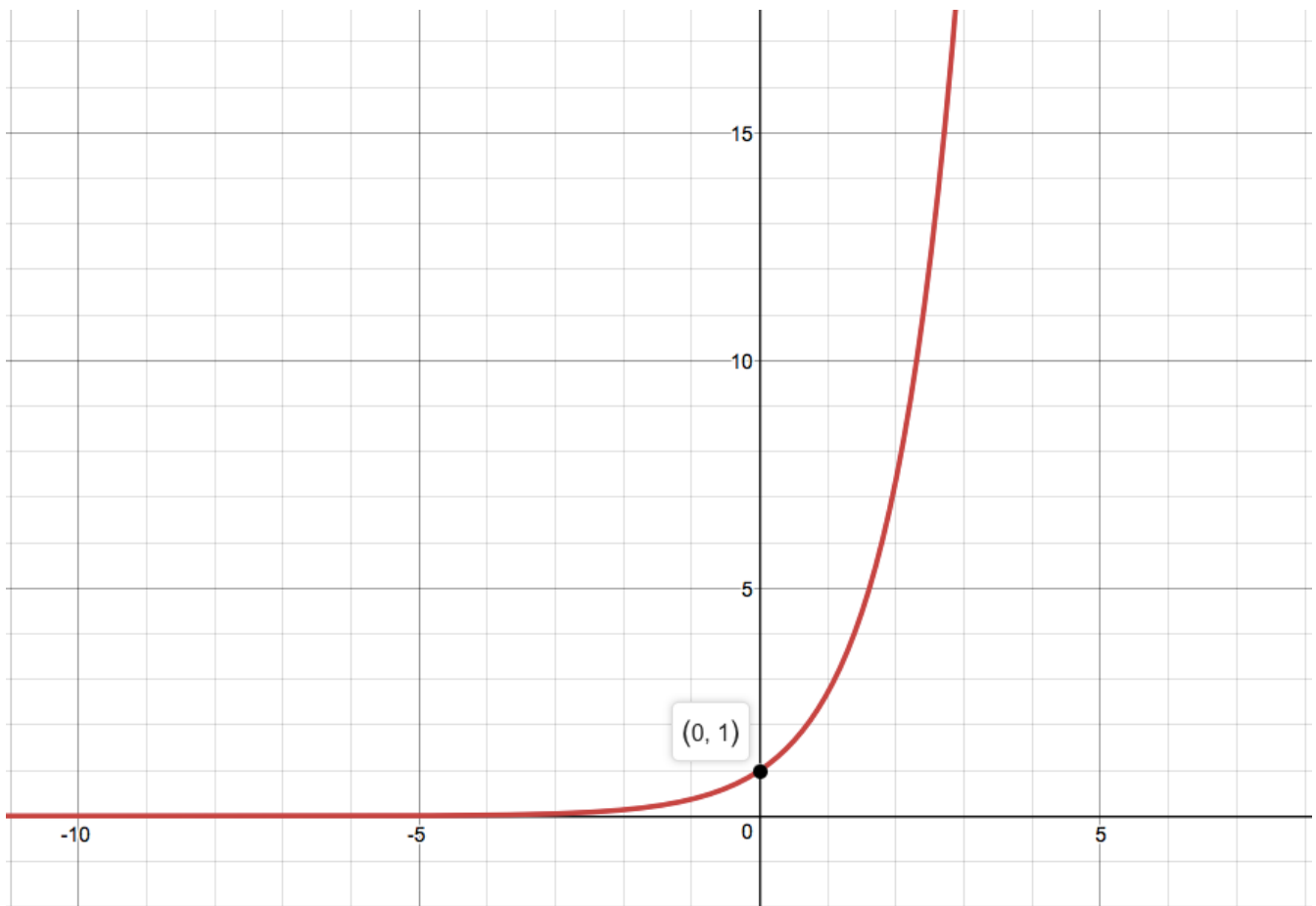
2. Find the domain and range for the function $y = 10^{3x}$.

$$y = e^x$$

Horizontal asymptote: $y = 0$

No x-intercept

y-intercept = 1



1. Graph the function $y = 2^{x-1}$ without using GDC, indicate the y-intercept and horizontal asymptote.

Garth of logarithmic functions

$$y = \log_{10}(x)$$

when it is rearranged, $10^x = y$

10 is the base

x is the power, power can be all real numbers.

y is the result, it must be positive value.

The bracket inside must be positive!

Domain: $\{x \mid x > 0\}$

Range: $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

1. Find the domain and range for the function $y = \log_3(x + 10)$.

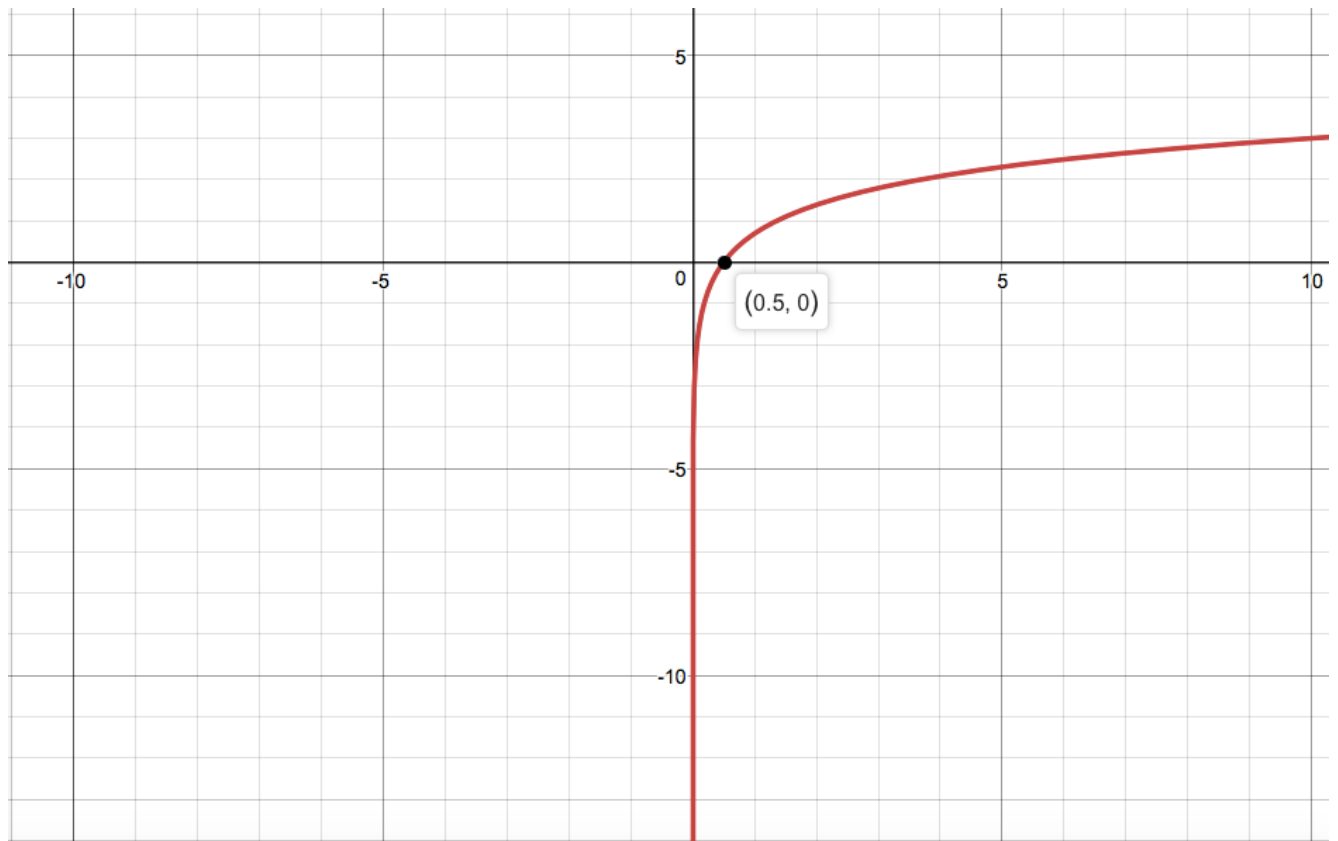
2. Find the domain and range for the function $y = \ln(2x - 4)$.

$$y = \ln 2x$$

Vertical asymptote: $x = 0$

No y-intercept


x-intercept = 0.5



1. Graph the function $y = \log_{10}(0.5x)$ without using GDC, indicate the x-intercept and vertical asymptote.

Exercise

Paper 1

1.  Let $f(x) = k \log_2 x$.

(a) Given that $f^{-1}(1) = 8$, find the value of k .

(b) Find $f^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$.
